

## SOLAR RADIO NOISE STORM AT 164 MHZ

### FROM NANÇAY RADIOHELIOGRAPH

OCTOBER 2006

	HELIOGRAPHICS POSITIONS MEAN VALUES <sup>1</sup>		IMP <sup>2</sup>	OBSERVING TIME <sup>3</sup>	
	E-W	S-N		START( UT)	END(UT)
01/10/06	-0.52	-0.64	II	8H10 E	15H10 D

## SOLAR RADIO NOISE STORM AT 327 MHZ

### FROM NANÇAY RADIOHELIOGRAPH

OCTOBER 2006

	HELIOGRAPHICS POSITIONS MEAN VALUES <sup>1</sup>		IMP <sup>2</sup>	OBSERVING TIME <sup>3</sup>	
	E-W	S-N		START(UT)	END(UT)
DAY					
01/10/06	-0.53	-0.54	I	8H10 E	15H10 E
22/10/06	-0.80	-0.08	II	8H05 E	15H05 D

<sup>1</sup> POSITIVE E-W AND S-N COORDINATES CORRESPOND TO THE N-W QUADRANT

<sup>2</sup> IMP1: FLUX< 5 SFU IMP2: 5<FLUX < 20 SFU IMP3: 20<FLUX <100 SFU

IMP4: 100< FLUX <300 SFU IMP5> 300 SFU

<sup>3</sup> E NOISE STORM IN PROGRESS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE NANÇAY OBSERVATIONS

D NOISE STORM IN PROGRESS AT THE END OF THE NANÇAY OBSERVATIONS

**03, 04, 14, 15, 23, 24 OCTOBER: NO DATA**

**OTHERS DAYS: NO DETECTABLE NOISE STORM**

- For the days marked by an asterisk, intense ionospheric gravity waves are observed during the whole day. Without a more detailed analysis, leading to decreased uncertainties in the deviation, the positions which are indicated are estimated within 0.2 R
- \*\* Following a large burst
- \*\*\* importance not well determined due to the proximity off the very strong other source
- \*\*\*\* no flux measurements available